

BACCALAUREAT GENERAL

Session 2016

ANGLAIS

Langue Vivante 2

Series **ES/S**

Duree de l'epreuve : **2 heures** - coefficient : **2**

Serie **L** Langue vivante obligatoire (LVO)

Duree de l'epreuve : **3 heures** - coefficient : **4**

Serie **L** LVO et langue vivante approfondie (LVA)

Duree de l'epreuve : **3 heures** - coefficient : **8**

CORRIGE

Repartition des points

Comprehension	10 points
Expression	10 points

Final corrige in red

I. COMPREHENSION (10 points)

Document A

Tous les candidats de la serie L traitent les questions 1-3

Read the introduction and the text until line 18.

1. Which characters are not present in the document but are just mentioned?
Fiona and the children's father / Maurice are not present in the document but are just mentioned.
(1+1 = 2pts)

2. What time of day is it when the characters start their journey home? Support your answer with a quotation.
They start their journey in the evening, late afternoon line 1: "dark for the trip home"
(1+1 = 2pts)

3. a) What shows that the decision that has been made about the house is not temporary? Pick out the answer in the document.
Line 15: "We have to start a new life" / Introduction: "their mother will have to sell their holiday house in Cush" (2pts)

- b) How does Donal react to this decision?
He shrugs his shoulders and starts reading his book again. Or accept if the student writes a response that describes a more "emotional" reaction to this decision. In several good copies, I've read, "worrying" "brooding over," which technically are true also. They're more interpretive, while the corrige provides literal reactions.
(2pts)

Read the whole document.

Seuls les candidats de la serie L qui composent au titre de la LVO (Langue Vivante Obligatoire) traitent la question 4.

4. How does Nora feel about the house in Cush? Support your answer with two quotations from the text.
She feels sad and/or nostalgic.
Accept any other plausible quotes, there are others (not an exhaustive list)
Line 26-7: "The house lay empty."
Line 26: "It was all over and would not come back."
Lines 27-28: "She pictured the small rooms in the darkness, how miserable they would be. Inhospitable"
Lines 31-32: "the house at Cush was more desolate now than it ever had been."
(1+1+1 = 3pts)

Seuls les candidats de la serie L qui composent au titre de la LVA (Langue Vivante Approfondie) traitent la question 5.

5. How does Nora feel? Does Nora show her feelings to her children? Explain in your

own words and support your answer with two quotations.

She feels sad but she doesn't betray her feelings to her children. She constantly tries to reassure them and she remains positive / optimistic.

Line 7: "Oh yes, I think you should"

Line 13: "Fiona will love the caravan"

Line 42: "She managed to laugh"

Line 44: "Of course it's definite"

(4+2+2pts = 8pts)

Tous les candidats de la serie L traitent les questions 6 et 7.

Document B

6. a) Where does the journalist Gary Younge live?

He lives in New York.

b) Where is he from?

He is from a town near London / Stevenage.

(1+1 = 2pts)

Nothing for London.

7. Why had he visited England a few years before?

To celebrate the 70th birthday party of one of his friends.

(1pt)

Seuls les candidats de la serie L qui composent au titre de la LVO (Langue Vivante Obligatoire) traitent la question 8.

8. Say if the following sentences are true or false. Support your answer with a quotation.

a) The journalist knows the woman in Letchworth well.

False. Lines 3-4: "a distant acquaintance - a woman I had met only a few times before and have not met since"

b) The secondary school the journalist had gone to was in good condition when he went there.

False. Lines 5-6: "the secondary school / went to....both had declined"

This statement can also be interpreted as true. 'Had declined' to me is in relation to the time that he has been away. I find the question too ambiguous. Nearly all the papers I'm reading, including excellent papers, have FALSE. Accept both True/False

The journalist was about to go back to America.

True. Lines 7-9: "She asked me when I was going back to New York....and I told her, the next afternoon."

c) The journalist's friends in New York knew little about his past.

True. Lines 19-21: "My friends in New York knew I had brothers and had just my mother. They knew I grew up working class in a town near London. The rest was footnotes - too much information for transient people ..."

(4x2 = 8pts)

Tous les candidats de la serie L traitent la question 9.

9. a) How did the journalist react when the woman he was talking to mentioned his mother?

He was upset.

b) Why did he react this way?

He was drunk, suffered from jet lag, missed his mother who had died, but most of all he was upset because he realised that people from his home town knew him in a way that nobody else would because they had known him when he was a child.

(1+5 = 6pts)

Question b: He says that he doesn't know why and blames a combination of factors. The second part of the answer (highlighted in yellow) is worth more points, 3/5.

Seuls les candidats de la serie L qui composent au titre de la LVA (Langue Vivante Approfondie) traitent la question 10.

10. Explain in your own words what the journalist means when he says "*too much information for transient people (...) who were travelling light.*" (Lines 21-22)
He means that people who don't stay in one place for very long don't want to get to know people very well / transient people don't want to give too much information about themselves. (3pts)

Tous les candidats de la serie L traitent les questions 11 et 12.

Documents A and B

11. Find two similarities and two differences between document A and document B, and explain them in your own words.
Similarities: In text A, the children have lost a parent and in text B the journalist, Gary, has lost a parent too. They have all had to leave a childhood home (their holiday home in document A and his hometown and country in document B). There is a feeling of nostalgia in both documents: in document A Nora pictures the children playing and in document B the journalist says the people in his hometown knew him when he had a mother.

Differences: In text A the children are not actually leaving their country (Ireland) whereas in text

B Gary did leave Britain.

In text A the children's father has just died whereas Gary's mother died decades ago (it is not a recent loss).

In text A the main action takes place in Ireland whereas in text B the main scene takes place in the UK.

[(2x2)+(2x2) = 8pts]

12. Quote elements in documents A and B which reveal the feeling of loss.

Document A, line 26: "*it was all over and would not come back.*"

Document B, line 23: "*I cried for bits of my life that had been lost.*" (2+2 = 4pts)

Accept any other plausible quotes, there are others (not an exhaustive list)

L. 23: "she tried to picture the children on a summer's day"

L. 24: "huge, formative parts of my childhood that I could no longer explain..."

CALCUL DE LA NOTE FINALE

TABLEAU RÉCAPITULATIF DES NOTES		
I – COMPREHENSION note /10		
Questions	Barème Série L LVO	Barème Série L LVA
1.	1 + 1 = 2pts	1 + 1 = 2pts
2.	1 + 1 = 2pts	1 + 1 = 2pts
3.	a) 2 b) 2 = 4pts	a) 2 b) 2 = 4pts
4.	1 + 1 + 1 = 3pts	
5.		4 + 2 + 2 = 8 pts
6.	a) 1 b) 1 = 2pts	a) 1 b) 1 = 2pts
7.	1 pt	1 pt
8.	4 x 2 = 8pts	
9.	a) 1 b) 5 = 6pts	a) 1 b) 5 = 6pts
10.		3 pts
11.	(2 x 2) + (2 x 2) = 8pts	(2 x 2) + (2 x 2) = 8pts
12.	2 + 2 = 4pts	2 + 2 = 4pts
Sous total partie compréhension	... / 40 points : 4 = ... /10	... /40 points : 4 = ... /10
II – EXPRESSION note /10		
Sous-total Partie expression	... / 20 pts : 2 = ... /10	... / 20 pts : 2 = ... /10
NOTE FINALE (Compréhension + Expression)	Note de la compréhension /10 + note de l'expression /10 = Note finale / 20	

Questionnaire a traiter par les candidats des series ES et S

See L above for changes to be included in ES/S corrige.

I. COMPREHENSION (10 points)

Document A

Read the introduction and the text until line 18.

1. Which characters are not present in the document but are just mentioned?
Fiona and the children's father I Maurice are not present in the document but are just mentioned.
(1 + 1 = 2pts)
2. What time of day is it when the characters start their journey home? Support your answer with a quotation.
They start their journey in the evening, line 1: "dark for the trip home"
(1 + 1 = 2pts)
3. a) What shows that the decision that has been made about the house is not temporary? Pick out the answer in the document.
Line 15: "We have to start a new life" / Introduction: "their mother will have to sell their holiday house in Cush"
b) How does Donal react to this decision?
He shrugs his shoulders and starts reading his book again. (2 + 2 = 4pts)

Read the whole document.

4. How does Nora feel about the house in Cush? Support your answer with two quotations from the text.
She feels sad.
Line 26: "It was all over and would not come back."
Lines 27-28: "She pictured the small rooms in the darkness, how miserable they would be. Inhospitable"
Lines 31-32: "The house at Cush was more desolate now than it ever had been."
(2 + 1 + 1 = 4pts)

Document B

5. a) Where does the journalist Gary Younge live?
He lives in New York.
b) Where is he from?
He is from a town near London / Stevenage. (1.5 + 1.5 = 3pts)
6. Why had he visited England a few years before?
To celebrate the 70'h birthday party of one of his friends. (2pts)
7. Say if the following sentences are true or false. Support your answer with a quotation.
a) The journalist knows the woman in Letchworth well.
False. Lines 3-4: "a distant acquaintance - a woman I had met only a few times before and have not met since"

b) The secondary school the journalist had gone to was in good condition when he was there.

False. Lines 5-6: "the secondary school / went to....both had declined"

c) The journalist was about to go back to America.

True. Lines 7-9: "She asked me when I was going back to New York....and I told her, the next afternoon."

d) The journalist's friends in New York knew little about his past.

True. Lines 19-20: "My friends in New York knew I had brothers and had lost my mother. They knew I grew up working class in a town near London. The rest was footnotes - too much information for transient people ... "

(4 X 2 = 8pts)

8. a) How did the journalist react when the woman he was talking to mentioned his mother?

He was upset.

b) Why did he react this way?

He was drunk, suffered from jet lag, missed his mother who had died, but most of all he was upset because he realised that even people from his home town knew him in a way that nobody else would because they had known him when he was a child. **(2 + 5 = 7pts)**

Documents A and B

Find two similarities and two differences between document A and document B. Explain them in your own words.

Similarities: In text A, the children have lost a parent and in text B the journalist, Gary has lost a parent too. They have all had to leave a childhood home (their holiday home in text A and his hometown and country in text B). There is a feeling of nostalgia in both documents: in document A Nora pictures the children playing and in document B the journalist says the people in his hometown knew him when he had a mother.

Differences: In text A the children are not actually leaving their country (Ireland) whereas in text B Gary left Britain seven years ago.

In text A the children's father has just died whereas Gary's mother died decades ago (it is not a recent loss).

Text A takes place in Ireland whereas text B takes place in the UK.

(4 X 2 = 8pts)

CALCUL DE LA NOTE FINALE

TABLEAU RÉCAPITULATIF DES NOTES	
I – COMPRÉHENSION note /10	
Questions	Barème Série ES/S
1.	1 + 1 = 2pts
2.	1 + 1 = 2pts
3.	a) 2 b) 2 = 4pts
4.	2 + 1 + 1 = 4pts
5.	a) 1.5 b) 1.5 = 3pts
6.	2 pts
7.	4 x 2 = 8pts
8.	a) 2 b) 5 = 7pts
9.	4 x 2 = 8pts
Sous total partie compréhension	... / 40 points : 4 = ... /10
II – EXPRESSION note /10	
Sous-total Partie expression	... / 20 pts : 2 = ... /10
NOTE FINALE (Compréhension + Expression)	Note de la compréhension /10 + note de l'expression /10 = Note finale / 20