

**EXERCICE 1**

Souligner le **facteur commun** dans chaque expression:

$$\mathbf{A} = \underline{3x} + \underline{3y}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = -3a + 3b$$

$$\mathbf{C} = 7x + 12x$$

$$\mathbf{D} = -6(3x-2) - (3x-2)(x-4)$$

$$\mathbf{E} = (x+2)(x+1) + (x+2)(7x-5)$$

$$\mathbf{F} = (2x+1)^2 + (2x+1)(x+3)$$

$$\mathbf{G} = (x+1)(2x-3) + (x+1)(5x+1)$$

$$\mathbf{H} = (3x-4)(2-x) - (3x-4)^2$$

$$\mathbf{I} = (6x+4)(2+3x) + (2+3x)(7-x)$$

$$\mathbf{J} = (3+x)(5x+2) + (x+3)^2$$

**EXERCICE 3**

Compléter l'intérieur des parenthèses, comme dans l'exemple :

$$\mathbf{A} = \underline{4a} + 12 = 4(\underline{a+3})$$

$$\mathbf{B} = 2x + 6y = 2(\underline{\quad})$$

$$\mathbf{C} = 5x^2 - 30x = 5x(\underline{\quad})$$

$$\mathbf{D} = 5(x-1) + 3x(x-1) = (x-1)(\underline{\quad})$$

$$\mathbf{E} = 15x - 20y = 5(\underline{\quad})$$

$$\mathbf{F} = -7xy + 14y = 7y(\underline{\quad})$$

$$\mathbf{G} = a + 2ax = a(\underline{\quad})$$

$$\mathbf{H} = 3x^2 + x = x(\underline{\quad})$$

$$\mathbf{I} = 7x(x+3) - 6(x+3) = (x+3)(\underline{\quad})$$

$$\mathbf{J} = 4xy^2 + 12x^2y = 4xy(\underline{\quad})$$

**EXERCICE 2**

Factoriser chaque expression en utilisant la règle  
 «  $ka + kb = k(a + b)$  » :

$$\mathbf{A} = \underline{4x} + 4y = 4(x+y)$$

$$\mathbf{B} = 6 \times 9 + 6 \times 3 =$$

$$\mathbf{C} = 8a + 8b =$$

$$\mathbf{D} = 5 \times 3 + 3 \times 14 =$$

$$\mathbf{E} = 2 + 2x =$$

$$\mathbf{F} = 7a + 7 =$$

$$\mathbf{G} = 4x^2 + 4x =$$

$$\mathbf{H} = 6y + 6y^2 =$$

$$\mathbf{I} = 3x^2 + 5x =$$

$$\mathbf{J} = 2ab + b^2 =$$

**EXERCICE 4**

Écrire le terme souligné sous forme d'un produit puis factoriser l'expression :

$$\mathbf{A} = \underline{4a} + 12 = 4a + 4 \times 3 = 4(a+3)$$

$$\mathbf{B} = 5x + \underline{10} =$$

$$\mathbf{C} = 6x - \underline{24} =$$

$$\mathbf{D} = \underline{36} - 4x =$$

$$\mathbf{E} = 7x + \underline{14} =$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \underline{35} - 5x =$$

$$\mathbf{G} = 8x - \underline{24} =$$

$$\mathbf{H} = \underline{12x} + \underline{18} =$$

$$\mathbf{I} = \underline{6} - \underline{15x} =$$

$$\mathbf{J} = \underline{30x} - \underline{42} =$$

**EXERCICE 5**

Factoriser les expressions suivantes comme dans l'exemple :

$$\mathbf{Z} = 5(\underline{x+1}) + 3(\underline{x+1})$$

$$\mathbf{Z} = (\underline{x+1})(5+3)$$

$$\mathbf{Z} = 8(\underline{x+1})$$

$$\mathbf{C} = 3x(\underline{x+2}) - 5(\underline{x+2})$$

$$\mathbf{A} = 13(\underline{x+2}) + 5(\underline{x+2})$$

$$\mathbf{B} = 7(\underline{2x-3}) + 2(\underline{2x-3})$$

$$\mathbf{D} = 4(\underline{x+3}) + 9x(\underline{x+3})$$

$$\mathbf{E} = 7x(\underline{3x+1}) - 10x(\underline{3x+1})$$